Product Health & Safety Penreco **Data Sheet**

I Product Identification			
Manufacturer's Name	Penreco 106 South Main Street, Butler, PA 16001		
Address			
Regular Telephone No.	412 / 283-5600	Emergency Telephone No.	
Trade Name	Rust Ban 632	Code 4046	
Synonyms	MIL-C-6529C, Am. 2, Type 2		

II Hazardous Ingredients

Material or Component in Hazardous Concentrations	%	Hazard Data	
Vaporform or mist not encountered in normal usage	•	TLV - 5 mg/ M^3	(ACGIH)

Filect Information

Eye Contact	Irritation or burning may be caused by contact with eyes.		
Skin Contact	Irritation or dermatitis may develop on prolonged or repeated exposure.		
Inhalation	Overexposure to vapor form or mist can cause aspiration pneumonia.		
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause local irritation of the mucous membranes of the throat, mouth, esophagus, and stomach.		
Health Data	Vaporform or mist TLV cited at 5 gm/M ³ .		
•			
Systemic Effects	Not known.		

See Disclaimer of Warranty on Page 4.

(Approved by U.S. Department of Labor, "Essentially similar to Form OSHA 20, Material Safety Data Sheet")

Eye Contact	Flush immediately with large amounts of water. If hot liquid is splashed in eyes, treat for burns.		
	CALL A DOCTOR IMMEDIATELY.		
Skin Contact	Wash exposed areas of the skin with soap and water. Hot liquid may cause severe burns. Chill affected area, treat victim for shock. REMOVE TO HOSPITAL OR SEND FOR DOCTOR.		
	· January January Control		
Inhalation	If exposed to vapors or mist, remove to fresh air immediately. If breathing has stopped, apply artificial respiration and oxygen if necessary.		
	CALL A DOCTOR IMMEDIATELY.		
Ingestion			
•	Unknown.		
• .			
	•		
v #Personal I	Health Protection Information		
Eye Protection	If the died are limited enlach proof safety googles or a face		
	If handled as a liquid, splash-proof safety goggles or a face shield should be worn.		
	Sillera should be worm.		
Skin Protection	Impervious synthetic rubber gloves, boots, aprons, etc. may be worn over parts of the body subject to exposure. Avoid any prolonged contact with skin.		
	worn over parts of the body subject to exposure. Avoid any prolonged contact with skin.		
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Respiratory Protection	worn over parts of the body subject to exposure. Avoid any prolonged contact with skin. Low concentration mists: Use respirators with replaceable filters designed to protect against mists. High concentration mist: Use supplied air respirators or positive pressure hoods.		
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eating or smoking.

	ection Information			
Flash Point (1995) (Test Method)	Autoignition Temperature (F)			
Flammable Limits In Air % By Vol.	Lower Upper Unknown			
Extinguishing Media	Carbon Dioxide - Bry Chemicals - Foam			
	and the second of the second o			
Special Fire Fighting Procedures	Bo not use streams of water as this will scatter the liquid and spread the fire. A water spray may be used to keep fire exposed containers and surroundings cool.			
Unusual Fire and Explosive Conditions	May create dense smoke during combustion. Could create a moderate fire hazard if heated above its flash point			
Hazardous Combustion Products	CO, CO ₂ , and amake			
VII Reactivity	y Data			
Stability (thermal, light, etc.)	Stable Conditions Not applicable			
	Unstable to Avoid			
ncompatibility materials to avoid)	Strong oxidents			
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Not applicable.			
Hazardous Polymerization	Stable X Con- Not applicable.			
·	Unstable to Avoid			
VIII, Environn	mental Precautions			
Steps To Be Taken if Material is Released or Spilled	Small spills may be absorbed on sand or an appropriate absorbing material. Eliminate sources of ignition and provide adequate ventilation at spill site. Complete the cleanup by using a petroleum safety solvent.			
Vaste Disposal Method	Store in closed, metallic, marked containers, and dispose of as soon as possible. Disposal methods must conform to local, state and federal regulation. May be disposed of in an approved landfill.			

IX Special Precautions			
Handling and Storage Requirements	For storage and handling requirements refer to: 29 CFR1910.106 Flammable and Combustible Liquids, and NFPA No. 30-Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code. The storage room should be: protected with an automatic fire protection system (sprinklers, foam, carbon dioxide); provided with a portable fire extinguisher outside the room, near the entrance; ventilated to the outside air at a rate providing at least six air changes per hr.: labled with signs warning that all fire must be kept away; provided with raised sills or ramps at doorways, or a grated trench which drains to a safe location; equipped with explosion-proof lighting and electrical		
Precautionary Statements	fixtures. REF: DHEW (NIOSH) Publication No. 78-206. Do not transfer to unmarked containers.		

Boiling Point		Melting Point		Solubility
(*F)	Unknown	(*F)		Negligible in water.
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg & temp)	<1 mm Hg @ 70	Specific Gravity °(H ₂ O = 1)	Approx. 0.90	Appearance, Color, Odor, etc. Brown fluid - petroleum odor.
Molecular Weight	Varies	Percent Volatile by Volume (%)	Nil @ ambient temp.	Other
Vapor Density (air = 1)		Evaporation Rate (EE = 1)	< 1	,

Approved By: George E. Brothers, Mgr. of Laboratories Date Jan. 31, 1980

Compiled By: A. C. Grence, Chemist

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